# Communicating with Frontline Workers with Limited English Proficiency

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# Communicating with Frontline Workers

- 1. Limited English proficiency
- 2. Spoken Communication
- 3. Written Communication
- 4. Translation/interpretation



# **English Proficiency**

- Proficiency is "the fact of having the skill and experience for doing something" (Dictionary.com)
- English proficiency is the ability to use the language for what the speaker needs



# Limited English Proficiency



Image via storyset.com

- Workers speak one language or multiple languages other than English
- Limited English
   proficiency is lacking the
   ability to use English for
   what the speaker needs



# **Spoken Communication**



# Keys to Spoken Communication

- Use pauses and some repetition
- Slow down
- Speak clearly
- Patience
- Empathy





Image of Gloria (played by Sofia Vergara) from Modern Family via Twitter.com

# Simplify Grammar

- Use fewer words
- Simple sentence structure

Subject	Verb	
You	work	on the grinder.
I	will help	you with this.
You	are	important.



# Simplify Grammar

# Avoid unneeded words and phrases

- It would be great if...
- I am going to need...
- Go ahead and...
- Just so you know...



Image via storyset.com



# Simplify Grammar

Make these sentences simpler:

 I am going to need to you go over there and grab that blue bag.

Example: Please get the blue bag.

2. Just so you know it's really important that you are not late on a daily basis.

Example: You need to be on time every day.



# Simplify Vocabulary

- Let's play a game!
- Decide which word is harder







# Happen





# Complete



# Problem





## Simplify <del>Vocabulary</del> Words

- Choose more common words
- Include an easy synonym if you have a difficult word:
  - We need to **develop** a training plan for new workers.
  - We need to develop—make—a training plan for new workers



# Simplify <del>Vocabulary</del> Words

- Avoid verbs with two words
  - Turn in
  - Get over (something)
- What are some alternatives?
  - Show up
  - Help out
  - Call off
  - Calm down



# **Avoid Slang and Idioms**

- Slang and idioms are difficult to understand
- They are figurative and confusing
- Examples:
  - Once in a blue moon
  - Cost an arm and a leg
  - When pigs fly



# **Avoid Slang and Idioms**

- What are some common idioms that you use?
- Make these phrases more literal:
  - -It's up to you
  - Kick the can down the road
  - Get a taste of your own medicine



Image via storyset.com



#### Pronunciation

- Clear, careful, and slow speech
- Make each word clear to hear and separate from the other words around it
  - Wanna, woulda, coulda, etc.
  - Watcha doin'?
  - Wadjado that for?



# **Body Language**

- Smile!
- Keep eye contact
- Look at people you talk to
- Use positive body language
- Use gestures, facial expressions to support your message





## **Body Language**

- Pay attention to listeners' body language
- What is their body language telling you about what they understand and how they feel?



# A few more tips

#### Yes!

- Specific questions: What time do you need to be here tomorrow? What day do you start work?
- Please tell me what you learned/understood/heard need to do.
- What questions do you have?

#### No!

- Yes/no questions
- Do you understand?
- Do you have questions?



#### **Written Communication**



#### Written Communication

- Written communication can support verbal communication
- Easy to ignore
- Consider literacy
  - Not everybody is literate in the languages they speak
- Formal school experiences vary



#### Written Communication

- Avoid too much text on one page
- One font, one color
- Different size fonts to highlight key points



## Keys to Written Communication

- Use native language when possible (for those who read)
- Provide comprehension support
- Do not assume literacy
- Simpler is better



# **Translation and Interpretation**



### Translation & Interpretation

- Utilize current employees
- Invest in their skills
- Connect with community groups
- Outside services for less common language groups
- Be aware of different ethnic groups



# Communicating Front Line Employee's Importance



# Communicating Front Line Employee's Importance

- Correctly pronounce names
- Know preferred languages
- Listen to them as individuals
- Include when making decisions and changes
- Recognition programs with rewards that they actually want

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